DBS Bank India Limited

NSFR Disclosures – 31st March 2022

	NSFR Disclosures for the period.		as o	on 31 March 2	as on 31 December 2021						
		Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted	Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted
	(Rs.in Crore)		< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	veighted value	No maturity*	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value
ASF	ASF Item										
1	Capital: (2+3)	11,442	-	-	8,806	20,248	10,201	-	-	9,212	19,413
2	Regulatory capital	11,442	-	-	-	11,442	10,201	-	-	-	10,201
3	Other capital instruments	-	-	-	8,806	8,806	-	-	-	9,212	9,212
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	3,372	19,525	-	-	21,017	3,292	19,060	-	-	20,523
5	Stable deposits	504	7,688	-	-	7,782	439	7,681	-	-	7,713
6	Less stable deposits	2,869	11,837	-	-	13,235	2,854	11,379	-	-	12,809
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	5,351	15,460	1,521	-	11,166	5,029	14,590	1,577	-	10,598
8	Operational deposits	2,920	-	-	-	1,460	2,853	-	-	-	1,427
9	Other wholesale funding	2,431	15,460	1,521	-	9,706	2,176	14,590	1,577	-	9,172
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	7,335	9,486	-	-	-	8,635	5,723	-	-	-
11	NSFR derivative liabilities		-	-	-			-	-	-	
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	6,795	9,486	-	-	-	7,946	5,723	-	-	-
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					52,431					50,534
RSF	Item										
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					897					888
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	-	1,594	1,945	13,465	12,020	-	678	1,269	8,219	7,574
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	1,594	-	-	159	-	678	-	-	68
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	-	1,945	-	973	-	-	1,269	-	635
19	Performing loans to non-financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks, and PSEs, of which:	-	-	-	2,788	1,812	-	-	-	572	372

	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%										
20	under the Basel II Standardised Approach for	-	-	-	2,788	1,812	-	-	-	572	372
	credit risk										
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	7,995	6,796	-	-	-	5,088	4,325
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%										
22	under the Basel II Standardised Approach for	-	-	-	7,995	6,796				5 <i>,</i> 088	4,325
	credit risk										
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify	_	_	_	2,682	2,280	_	_	_	2,558	2,174
25	as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities	_	_	_	2,002			_	_		
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	11,215	27,237	-	6,192	29,047	22,257	20,788	-	3,978	35,323
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	-				-
	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative										
26	contracts and contributions to default funds of		-	-	-	1,257		-	-	-	1,144
	CCPs										
27	NSFR derivative assets		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of		_	_	_	154		_	_	_	150
20	variation margin posted		_			134		-		_	150
29	All other assets not included in the above	9,583	27,237	_	6,192	27,636	20,762	20,788	_	3,978	34,029
25	categories	5,505	27,237	_	0,192	27,030	20,702	20,700	_	5,570	54,025
30	Off-balance sheet items		-	-	-	1,689		-	-	-	1,592
31	Total RSF					43,653					45,377
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					120.11%					111.36%

The RBI guidelines stipulated the implementation of NSFR with effect from October 1, 2021. Available stable funding (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The Required stable funding (RSF) of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that group as well as those of its Off-Balance Sheet (OBS) exposures.

Available stable funding (ASF) is primarily driven by the regulatory capital and deposits from retail customers, small business customers and financial & non-financial corporate customers. The funding line from the regulator is taken at 100% ASF. Under the Required Stable Funding (RSF), the primary drivers are mainly Advances and Investments.

The Bank's NSFR was 120.11% as at 31-Mar-2022 which remains above the regulatory minimum requirement of 100%. Available stable funding (ASF) stood at INR 52,431 Cr as on 31-Mar-2022 which was higher compared to 31-Dec-2021 (INR 50,534 Cr). Required stable funding (RSF) stood at INR 43,653 Cr as on 31-Mar-2022 which has come down from INR 45,377 Cr as on 31-Dec-2021.

NSFR is sensitive to (i) composition of assets and liabilities and (ii) changes in the tenor of those positions. The Bank maintains a healthy liquidity position by keeping a stable balance sheet structure that is supported by a diversified funding base. The overall liquidity management is guided by the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) and the Market & Liquidity Risk Committee (MLRC) who are guided by the Board approved internal framework of the Bank. The relevant units of Risk Management Group – Market & Liquidity Risk (RMG MLR), Corporate Treasury (CT) and Treasury & Liquidity Management (TLM) interact regularly with each other to ensure adherence to the directions set by the Bank's committees.